



Result Demonstration/Applied Research Report

**2001 Tom Green County
Cotton Harvest Aid Demonstration
Cooperator: Chris Bubenik**

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Summary

Eleven harvest aid treatments were applied to Deltapine 458 B/RR cotton on September 27, 2001 to prepare the crop for harvest. The plot was established on Chris Bubenik's Farm, 5 miles north of Wall, Texas. The chemicals were applied to irrigated cotton that had 65 percent of its bolls open. Leaf shed was less than one percent and the cotton plant leaves were still green in color. All applied treatments resulted in a significant level of leaf defoliation when compared to the untreated checks. New plant growth resulting from mid-August rains combined with cool temperatures throughout the test evaluation period proved to be challenging for all harvest aids applied.

Objective

In the Southern Rolling Plains of Texas, cotton is usually planted starting in mid-May. Because of this late planting date, many producers do not use harvest aids to terminate the cotton. When growing conditions are favorable, most of the cotton in this area is ready for harvest thirty days before the first killing freeze. The delay in harvest reduces the income of farmers due to the loss of lint yield and fiber quality. Even though the cost of several of the harvest aid treatments are expensive, there is usually a product that is economically justified that can be used effectively for crop termination. The intent of this field test is to: 1) determine the effectiveness of harvest aids at defoliating, desiccating, and opening bolls on cotton 2) provide producers the opportunity of observing how effectively the harvest aid materials work, and 3) determine the economic feasibility of using the harvest aid material.

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Materials and Methods

Cooperating Producers: Chris Bubenik
Location: 5 miles north of Wall

Crop Production Information:

Planting Date:	May 14, 2001
Planting Rate:	11.3 pounds per acre
Variety Planted:	Deltapine 458 B/RR
Planting Pattern:	Solid on 40 inch spacing
Herbicide Applied:	Prowl was applied in the Spring of 2001 at 3.0 pints per acre, preplant incorporated, followed by 16 ounces of Direx plus 16 ounces of Caparol applied broadcast at planting. In early June, Roundup Ultra was applied at a 1 quart rate.
Number of Irrigations:	2 applications during the growing season
Insecticides Applied:	None
Fertilizer Applied:	200 pounds of 46-0-0 was applied prior to the first irrigation.

Harvest Aid Application Information:

Date Applied:	September 27, 2001
Time of Day:	2:00 p.m. to 4:15 p.m.
Wind Speed:	8 to 10 miles per hour
Wind Direction:	East by Southeast
Air Temperature:	81 to 84 ⁰ Fahrenheit
Relative Humidity:	25 to 30%
Carrier:	10.75 gallons of water per acre
Pressure:	40 pounds per square inch
Nozzle Size:	11002 air induction flat fan nozzles on 20 inch center
Boom Height:	48 inches
Cotton Height:	Average of 36 to 40 inches
Application Device:	Self propelled rig
Plot Size:	13.33 feet X 70 feet
Test Design:	Randomized complete block design replicated 3 times

Plant Information

Date information was collected: September 27, 2001
Average Height: 38 inches
Average number of bolls above top cracked boll: 4.5
Percent open bolls: 65
Number of plants per acre: 52,000
Plant health was excellent and the plant was still blooming

Weather Information

Rainfall information was collected onsite and weather information used in the table was obtained from a CR10 weather station located 1 mile south of the test plot.

Rainfall Information (Date and Amount)

August 15 to 31	4.50 inches	<u>After plot establishment</u>
September 4	1.00 inch	October 11 0.25 inch
September 17	0.35 inch	
September 22	0.10 inch	

Aug. 15 to Sept. 22--Total	5.95 inches	

Data Collection:

An area in each treatment was marked to make ratings on the percent open bolls, percent defoliation, percent desiccation, and regrowth in the top and bottom portion of the plants. Actual leaf counts and boll counts were made in each of the marked areas. Percent open bolls was determined by dividing the total number of bolls open enough to be harvested by the total number of bolls on the same plants. Percent defoliation was determined by dividing the total number of leaves remaining on the cotton plants by the original number of leaves (250 leaves) on the plants. Percent desiccation was determined by dividing the total number of leaves that had dried and remained attached to the plants by the original 250 leaves. A rating system was used to reflect the growth of new leaves in the top and bottom portion of the plants within each marked area. A copy of the regrowth rating system used is attached. Due to the rainfall received 30 days prior to the initiation of the test, new plant growth was significant with most plants developing a minimum of 8 inches of additional plant height. Regrowth after harvest aids were applied did not develop to a level that they would interfere with harvest efficiency, however, the potential for increased leaf grade discounts were a concern. The information collected on October 4, October 11 and October 18 are reported in Tables 1, 2 and 3, respectively.

Results and Discussion

The First Seven Days

On the next page is a table that indicates the maximum and minimum air temperature during the 21 days these products were evaluated. From September 27 to October 3, daytime air temperatures ranged from 76 to 85 degrees Fahrenheit and the night temperatures ranged from 46 to 55 degrees.

At the time of application, the upper most cotton bolls were cross-sectioned and the seed coats were dark and the cotyledons well developed. The percent of open bolls increased by 10 percent in the first week. At the seven day evaluation, there was a significant difference in the percent of defoliation and the percent of desiccation. The information collected on October 4 is reported in Table 1., none of the treatments had significantly more bolls open than the check.

Maximum and Minimum Air Temperatures for September 27 - October 17, 2001

Date	Max Air	Min Air	Date	Max Air	Min Air	Date	Max Air	Min Air
27	84	48	4	88	61	11	74	55
28	85	50	5	75	54	12	81	55
29	80	53	6	67	50	13	72	48
30	77	53	7	78	47	14	83	44
1	76	46	8	83	59	15	80	52
2	82	46	9	83	70	16	66	41
3	85	55	10	85	58	17	77	41

The most evident impact of the materials applied was the increased amount of leaf desiccation. All treatments had significantly more leaf desiccation than the check. The amount of desiccation ranged from 22 to 45 percent. The amount of defoliation for all treatments was 4 to 11 percent higher than the check and was significantly different with the exception of Aim plus COC plus Ammonium Sulphate. The cool daytime and nighttime temperatures slowed the cottons response to all the treatments applied. No regrowth was found in the top and bottom portions of cotton plant in any of the treatments.

The Second Week (October 4 - October 10, 2001)

Hourly daytime air temperature ranged from 67 to 88 degrees Fahrenheit. The nighttime temperatures ranged from 47 to 70 degrees. These temperatures when compared to 2000 were 8 to 12 degrees cooler for the daytime air temperatures. The cooler temperatures slowed the plants response to harvest aids applied. Due to the slow plant response it would have been appropriate to wait for 10 days to allow the abscission layer to form to result in a higher level of leaf defoliation.

The amount of boll opening now ranged from 75 to 83 percent which is an increase of 0 to 8 percent from the seven day evaluation. At the 14 day evaluation (7 days after the followup treatments were applied), there was a significant difference in the percent of boll opening, percent of defoliation, percent of desiccation and regrowth in the bottom portion of the plant. The information collected on October 11 is reported in Table 2.

In this test, all treatments had significantly more boll opening than the check with the exceptions of Aim plus COC plus Ammonium Sulphate and Aim plus COC plus Dropp at the 0.1 pound rate. All treatments had significantly more leaf defoliation than the check. The Aim plus COC plus Prep followed by Aim plus COC and Aim plus COC plus Prep and Def had more defoliation than Aim plus COC plus Dropp at the 0.1 pound rate.

All treatments had significantly more desiccation than the check. The Prep plus Def plus COC treatment had significantly less desiccation than half of the treatments in this test. Regrowth in the bottom portion of the plants was significantly higher in all treatments when compared to the check. The regrowth rating was 1, and at this level would not impact harvest efficiency but might impact leaf grade.

Table 1. Chris Bubenik's 2001 FMC Cotton Harvest Aid Test (Tom Green County)
October 4, 2001 (Seven days after treatments were applied)

Harvest Aids Applied	Rate Applied Per Acre	Harvest Aid Cost Per Acre	% Open Bolls (7 DAT)	% Defoliation (7 DAT)	% Desiccation (7 DAT)	Regrow th Rating Top (7 DAT)	Regrow th Rating Bottom (7 DAT)
Aim + COC followed by —> Aim + COC	0.6 oz. + 1.0% followed by 0.6 oz. + 1.0%	\$4.66 \$4.66	75	8.75 ab	43.75 a	0	0
Aim + COC + Ammonium Sulfate	0.6 oz. + 1.0% + 17#/100 gal.	\$4.66	75	6.67 bc	43.33 a	0	0
Aim + COC	0.6 oz. + 1.0%	\$4.66	75	10.00 ab	42.50 a	0	0
Aim + COC + Prep followed by —> Aim + COC	0.6 oz. + 1.0% 21 oz. followed by 0.6 oz. + 1.0%	\$4.66 + \$8.84 \$4.66	75	13.33 a	45.00 a	0	0
Aim + COC + Harvade	0.6 oz. + 1.0% 8 oz.	\$4.66 + \$5.25	75	8.33 ab	36.67 ab	0	0
Aim + COC + Prep	0.6 oz. + 1.0% 16 oz.	\$4.66 + \$6.74	75	10.00 ab	40.00 a	0	0
Aim + COC + Finish	0.6 oz. + 1.0% 16 oz.	\$4.66 + \$10.43	75	11.67 ab	43.33 a	0	0
Aim + COC + Prep + Def	0.6 oz. + 1.0% 16 oz. + 16 oz.	\$4.66 + \$6.74 + \$5.98	75	13.33 a	40.00 a	0	0
Aim + COC + Dropp	0.6 oz. + 1.0% 0.2 lb.	\$4.66 + \$11.60	75	10.00 ab	38.33 ab	0	0
Aim + COC + Dropp	0.6 oz. + 1.0% 0.1 lb.	\$4.66 + \$5.80	75	8.33 ab	35.00 ab	0	0
Prep + Def + COC	21 oz. + 16 oz.	\$8.84 + \$5.98	75	11.67 ab	21.67 b	0	0
Check			75	2.00 c	0 c	0	0

Table 2. Chris Bubenik's 2001 FMC Cotton Harvest Aid Test (Tom Green County)
October 11, 2001 (14 days after initial treatments were applied / 7 days after followup treatments)

Harvest Aids Applied	Rate Applied Per Acre	Harvest Aid Cost Per Acre	% Open Bolls (14 DAT)	% Defoliation (14 DAT)	% Desiccation (14 DAT)	Regrowth Rating Top (14 DAT)	Regrowth Rating Bottom (14 DAT)
Aim + COC followed by —> Aim + COC	0.6 oz. + 1.0% followed by 0.6 oz. + 1.0%	\$4.66 \$4.66	81.25 ab	35.00 ab	43.75 a	0	1 a
Aim + COC + Ammonium Sulfate	0.6 oz. + 1.0% + 17#/100 gal.	\$4.66	78.33 bcd	33.33 ab	43.33 a	0	1 a
Aim + COC	0.6 oz. + 1.0%	\$4.66	80.00 abc	30.00 ab	42.50 a	0	1 a
Aim + COC + Prep followed by —> Aim + COC	0.6 oz. + 1.0% 21 oz. followed by 0.6 oz. + 1.0%	\$4.66 + \$8.84 \$4.66	83.33 a	40.00 a	45.00 a	0	1 a
Aim + COC + Harvade	0.6 oz. + 1.0% 8 oz.	\$4.66 + \$5.25	80.00 abc	28.33 ab	36.67 ab	0	1 a
Aim + COC + Prep	0.6 oz. + 1.0% 16 oz.	\$4.66 + \$6.74	81.67 ab	33.33 ab	40.00 a	0	1 a
Aim + COC + Finish	0.6 oz. + 1.0% 16 oz.	\$4.66 + \$10.43	80.00 abc	30.00 ab	43.33 a	0	1 a
Aim + COC + Prep + Def	0.6 oz. + 1.0% 16 oz. + 16 oz.	\$4.66 + \$6.74 + \$5.98	83.33 a	40.00 a	40.00 a	0	1 a
Aim + COC + Dropp	0.6 oz. + 1.0% 0.2 lb.	\$4.66 + \$11.60	80.00 abc	31.67 ab	38.33 ab	0	1 a
Aim + COC + Dropp	0.6 oz. + 1.0% 0.1 lb.	\$4.66 + \$5.80	76.67 cd	23.33 b	35.00 ab	0	1 a
Prep + Def + COC	21 oz. + 16 oz.	\$8.84 + \$5.98	81.67 ab	33.33 ab	21.67 b	0	1 a
Check			75 d	3.0 c	0 c	0	0 b

The Third Week (October 11 - October 17, 2001)

Hourly daytime air temperature ranged from 66 to 83 degrees Fahrenheit. The nighttime temperatures ranged from 41 to 55 degrees. These temperatures when compared to 2000 were 1 to 13 degrees cooler for the daytime and nighttime air temperatures. The cooler temperatures slowed the plants response to harvest aids applied.

The amount of boll opening now ranged from 80 to 90 percent which is an increase of 3 to 8 percent from the 14 day evaluation. At the 21 day evaluation (14 days after the followup treatments were applied) there was a significant difference in the percent of open bolls, the percent of defoliation, the percent of desiccation, and the amount of regrowth in the top and bottom portion of the plants. The information collected on October 18 is reported in Table 3.

In this test, all treatments had significantly more boll and leaf defoliation than the check. The Aim plus COC plus Prep followed by Aim plus COC had significantly more boll opening than any other treatment and more leaf defoliation than half of the treatments included in this test.

In this test, all treatments had significantly more desiccation than the check. The Aim plus COC plus Ammonium Sulphate treatment had significantly more desiccation than any treatment with the exception of Aim plus COC followed by Aim plus COC.

All treatments had significantly more regrowth in the top and bottom portions of the plant than the check plots. The regrowth rating was 1, and at this level would not impact harvest efficiency but might impact leaf grade. No regrowth was advanced enough to cause problems in ginning of the cotton.

Economics

For 2001, we have had an open October and most of 100,000 acres of cotton still has not been terminated. New plant growth resulting from mid-August rains combined with cool temperatures throughout October has proved to be challenging for all harvest aids applied. The delay in harvest has resulted in a reduction in yield and quality (mostly from a change in grade). Some fields were treated with only a desiccant and over 70 percent of the leaves remained on the plant at the time of harvest. This has resulted in reduced income due to leaf discounts some have lost as much as 5 cents a pound.

The proper timing of harvest aid application and the selection and use of the proper harvest aids is apparent this season. The application of a desiccant at a high rate of more than 16 ounces per acre in many cases this year will reduce the farmers profit. For producers that selected and applied the proper harvest aids at the proper rates harvested lint at a premium value which more than offset the cost of the harvest aid applied.

Table 3. Chris Bubenik's 2001 FMC Cotton Harvest Aid Test (Tom Green County)
October 18, 2001 (21 days after initial treatments were applied / 14 days after followup treatments)

Harvest Aids Applied	Rate Applied Per Acre	Harvest Aid Cost Per Acre	% Open Bolls (21 DAT)	% Defoliation (21 DAT)	% Desiccation (21 DAT)	Regrowth Rating Top (21 DAT)	Regrowth Rating Bottom (21 DAT)
Aim + COC followed by —> Aim + COC	0.6 oz. + 1.0% followed by 0.6 oz. + 1.0%	\$4.66 \$4.66	85.00 b	63.75 abc	20.00 ab	1 a	1 a
Aim + COC + Ammonium Sulfate	0.6 oz. + 1.0% + 17#/100 gal.	\$4.66	85.00 b	53.33 cd	25.00 a	1 a	1 a
Aim + COC	0.6 oz. + 1.0%	\$4.66	85.00 b	60.00 bcd	15.00 bc	1 a	1 a
Aim + COC + Prep followed by —> Aim + COC	0.6 oz. + 1.0% 21 oz. followed by 0.6 oz. + 1.0%	\$4.66 + \$8.84 \$4.66	90.00 a	75.00 a	15.00 bc	1 a	1 a
Aim + COC + Harvade	0.6 oz. + 1.0% 8 oz.	\$4.66 + \$5.25	86.67 b	58.33 bcd	11.67 c	1 a	1 a
Aim + COC + Prep	0.6 oz. + 1.0% 16 oz.	\$4.66 + \$6.74	86.67 b	58.33 bcd	13.33 c	1 a	1 a
Aim + COC + Finish	0.6 oz. + 1.0% 16 oz.	\$4.66 + \$10.43	86.67 b	63.33 abc	15.00 bc	1 a	1 a
Aim + COC + Prep + Def	0.6 oz. + 1.0% 16 oz. + 16 oz.	\$4.66 + \$6.74 + \$5.98	85.00 b	68.33 ab	15.00 bc	1 a	1 a
Aim + COC + Dropp	0.6 oz. + 1.0% 0.2 lb.	\$4.66 + \$11.60	86.67 b	66.67 ab	15.00 bc	1 a	1 a
Aim + COC + Dropp	0.6 oz. + 1.0% 0.1 lb.	\$4.66 + \$5.80	85.00 b	50.00 d	13.33 c	1 a	1 a
Prep + Def + COC	21 oz. + 16 oz.	\$8.84 + \$5.98	85.00 b	51.67 cd	11.67 c	1 a	1 a
Check			80.00 c	5.00 e	0 d	0 b	0 b

NOTE: In Tables 1, 2 and 3 the individual or combination of letter a, b, c, d or e shown beside the number are to indicate statistical significance. There is no statistical difference between numbers that have the same letter to the side (even when there appears to be a large difference in results between the materials applied).

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- Bayer Corporation who provided the Def
- FMC Corporation who provided the Aim
- Helena Chemical Company who provided the Ammonium Sulphate
- Tri-State Chemical DBA United Agra Products (UAP) who provided the COC
- Uniroyal Chemical Company, Inc. who provided the Harvade

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